

OFFICE OF CURRICULUM, INSTRUCTION & PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

MIDDLE SCHOOL COURSE OUTLINE

Course Code	3742	Departn	nent	Ph	ysical Edu	cation
Course Title	Physical Education 7 th Grade					
Short Title	PE 7 th Grade		Grad	e Level		7
Course Length	1 Year F	Required	Х	Ele	ctive	
Prerequisites	None					

COURSE DESCRIPTION:

This course provides students the continuing opportunity to learn through a developmentally appropriate, comprehensive sequentially planned physical education program aligned with the Physical Education Model Content Standards for California Public Schools. In 7th grade, the content standards emphasize meeting challenges and making decisions. The focus of this course is the application of movement skills and knowledge to individual and dual physical activities; the assessment and maintenance of physical fitness to improve health and performance, and the requisite knowledge of physical fitness concepts, principles and strategies; and the application of psychological and sociological concepts, including self-responsibility, positive social interaction, and group dynamics, in the learning and performance of physical activity. Units of activity include: physical fitness (activities and assessment, concepts, development and maintenance); cooperative activities (including introductory adventure/outdoor activities, such as orienteering); mature pattern throwing and catching skills (including flying disc skills) applied during small-sided games (team handball/Ultimate Frisbee/softball); track and field skills (including long jump, shot put, high jump, sprints, and relays); golf (with golf ball-size whiffle balls) skills or disc-golf skills applied in golf or disc-golf lead-up games; volleying skills applied in small-sided games (2-on-2 or 3-on-3 volleyball); racket skills applied in leadup games (paddle tennis/pickle ball/tennis); dribbling skills (hand dribble and foot dribble) applied in small-sided lead-up games (no larger than 4 on 4); multicultural dance; and introductory self-defense.

GOALS: (Student needs the course is intended to meet)

Students need to:

- Demonstrate motor skills and movement patterns needed to perform a variety of physical activities.
- Demonstrate knowledge of movement concepts, principles, and strategies as they apply to learning and performance of physical activities.
- Assess and maintain a level of physical fitness to improve health and performance.
- Demonstrate knowledge of physical fitness concepts, principles, and strategies to improve health and performance.
- Demonstrate and utilize knowledge of psychological and sociological concepts, principles, and strategies as applied to learning and performance of physical activity.

Students will:

Manipulative Skills

1.1 Demonstrate mature technique for the following patterns: overhand, sidearm, and underhand throw; catching; kicking/punting; striking; trapping; dribbling (hand and foot); and volleying.

Rhythmic Skills

1.2 Perform multicultural dances.

Combinations of Movement Patterns and Skills

- 1.3 Combine manipulative, locomotor, and nonlocomotor skills into movement patterns.
- 1.4 Demonstrate body management and object manipulation skills needed for successful participating in individual and dual physical activities.
- 1.5 Demonstrate body management and locomotor skills needed for successful participation in track and field, and combative activities.
- 1.6 Demonstrate body management and object manipulation skills needed for successful participation in introductory adventure/outdoor activities.

Manipulative Skills

2.1 Identify and describe key elements in the mature performance of overhand, sidearm, and underarm throw; catching; kicking/punting; striking; trapping; dribbling (hand and foot); and volleying.

Movement Concepts

- 2.2 Apply feedback from the teacher or others to improve skill performance.
- 2.3 Use information, feedback, and practice to set goals for skill improvement.
- 2.4 Explain and demonstrate spin and rebound principles while performing manipulative skills.
- 2.5 Compare and contrast the effectiveness of practicing skills as a whole, and practicing skills in smaller parts.
- 2.6 Diagram and demonstrate basic offensive and defensive strategies for individual and dual physical activities.

Combination of Movement Patterns and Skills

- 2.7 Develop and teach another an individual or dual game that uses a manipulative skill, two different offensive strategies, and a scoring system.
- 3.1 Assess muscle strength, muscle endurance, aerobic capacity, flexibility, and body composition using the State-mandated fitness test.
- 3.2 Evaluate individual physical fitness measures in relationship to patterns of physical activity.
- 3.3 Develop individual goals for each of the five areas of fitness based on research-based standards.
- 3.4 Plan a weekly personal physical fitness program in collaboration with the teacher.
- 3.5 Participate in moderate to vigorous physical activity a minimum of 4 days per week.
- 3.6 Periodically assess attainment of, or progress toward personal physical fitness goals, and make necessary adjustments to personal physical fitness program.
- 4.1 Develop a one-week personal physical fitness plan specifying the proper warm-up, cool-down, principles of exercise for each component of health-related fitness.
- 4.2 Identify physical activities that are effective in improving each of the health-related fitness components.
- 4.3 Match personal preferences in physical activities with each of the five areas of health-related fitness.
- 4.4 Explain the effects of physical activity on heart rate and recovery rates.
- 4.5 Describe the role of physical activity and nutrition on achieving physical fitness.

- 4.6 Identify and apply principles of resistance in safe, age-appropriate activities.
- 4.7 Explain progression, overload, and specificity as principles of exercise.
- 4.8 Discuss the effect of body segment growth rates on physical fitness.

Self Responsibility

- 5.1 Identify appropriate and inappropriate risks involved in adventure, individual, and dual physical activities.
- 5.2 Accept responsibility for individual improvement.

Social Interaction

5.3 Demonstrate acceptance of differences in gender, physical development, and personal preferences as they affect participation in physical activity.

Group Dynamics

- 5.4 Evaluate the effect of encouraging words and phrases to others while participating in a group physical activity.
- 5.5 Identify the responsibilities of a leader in physical activity.

DISTRICT PERFORMANCE STANDARDS:

The Long Beach Unified School District has common assessments and assignments for Physical Education. The Performance Standard Criteria is shown in the table below. The objective is to have all students achieve at or above the Proficient Level and receive a C or better in the course. Performance level is determined by the average of the Assessments or Assignments.

Physical Education Performance Standard Criteria

Assessment/ Assignments	Not Proficient 1	Partial Proficient 2	Proficient 3	Advanced Proficient 4
Graded Student Assessments	Average is a 1 or less than 60%	Average is a 2 or 60% - 69%	Average is a 3 or 70% - 84%	Average is a 4 or 85% - 100%
Physical Education Fitness Assessment (Individual Fitnessgram Record, with Pre- and Post- Test Scores, Healthy Fitness Zone Comparisons, Goals, and Goals Met	Minimal Completion	Partially Complete	Mostly Complete	Complete, with accurate scores, comparisons to health- related standards, and reasonable goals for improvement See Appendix
One-Week Fitness Plan A one-week personal fitness plan with warm-up, activities, fitness components and cool down. For activities, includes the time, intensity, and type (fitness component) of activities.	Plan Minimally Complete	Plan Partially Complete	Plan includes almost all components	A complete plan includes: five or more days of a variety of activities; all fitness components; component of fitness for each activity correctly identified; amount of time for each activity; intensity (e.g., target heart rate) for each activity; and parent signature.
				See Appendix

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Assessment/ Assignments	Not Proficient 1	Partial Proficient 2	Proficient 3	Advanced Proficient 4
Graded Student Assessments	Average is a 1 or less than 60%	Average is a 2 or 60% - 69%	Average is a 3 or 70% - 84%	Average is a 4 or 85% - 100%
One Month Activity Journal	Includes all of the components for one week	Includes all of the components for two weeks	Includes all of the components for three weeks	A complete physical activity log includes health-enhancing activities, the activity and time for each activity period, 180 minutes or more a week, 4 or more days a week, parent signature verification for each week.
Demonstration of skill or skill combinations	Student demonstrates minimal or no critical elements of the skill	Student demonstrates some of the critical elements of the skill	Student demonstrates most of the critical elements of the skill	Student clearly and consistently demonstrates all critical elements of the skill
Cognitive Concepts	Student demonstrates little or no evidence of concept knowledge	Student demonstrates some evidence of concept knowledge	Student demonstrates evidence of concept knowledge	Student clearly and consistently demonstrates concept knowledge

OUTLINE OF CONTENT AND TIME ALLOTMENT:

Introduction to Physical Education (Department Information on Letter/Brochure)

1 week

Days	Content Standard(s)	Skills and Concepts	Suggested Resources
5 Days	 <u>Self Responsibility</u> 5.1 Identify appropriate and inappropriate risks involved in adventure, individual, and dual physical activities. 5.2 Accept responsibility for individual improvement. <u>Social Interaction</u> 5.3 Demonstrate acceptance of differences in gender, physical development, and personal preferences as they affect participation in physical activity. <u>Group Dynamics</u> 5.4 Evaluate the effect of encouraging words and phrases to others while participating in a group physical activity. 5.5 Identify the responsibilities of a leader in physical activity. 	 Philosophy Class Curriculum Expectations, Grading Criteria Classroom Rules and Procedures Physical Education Uniform and Dressing Policy Locks and Locker Room Procedure Distribute physical education program information letter/brochure for parent signature Vocabulary See Glossary for definitions Biomechanics Body management Fundamental movement skills Group dynamics Health Individual or dual activity Kinesiology Large muscle groups 	Equipment: Items from stock catalog or physical education equipment catalogs Fleece balls: S442150; Deck tennis rings: S442500; Bean Bags: S441950; Hula Hoops: S442200 and S442210; Flags: Red, S403300; Yellow, S403400 Ropes: S442250; Cones: 442075. Poly Spots and Rubber Chickens from P.E. Equipment Catalogs Books: <u>Teaching Responsibility Through</u> <u>Physical Activity</u> By Don Hellison, Ph.D./ Human Kinetics, 1995 (Each department received this book from the Health/P.E. Office in 2001.) <u>Quicksilver</u> by Karl Rohnke and Steve Butler/ Kendall/Hunt Publishing Company, Iowa 1995 (Each department received this book from the Health/P.E. Office in 2001.) <u>Silly Sports and Goofy Games</u> Spencer Kagan/Kagan Publishing (Each department received this book from the Health/P.E. Office in 2001.)

Days	Content Standard(s)	Skills and Concepts	Suggested Resources
		Locomotor movements	PE-4-Me, Teaching Lifelong
		Manipulative movements	Health and Fitness by Cathie
		Movement concepts	Summerford; ISBN 0-7360-0165-4;
		Movement patterns	Human Kinetics, 2004
		Physical activity	Human Kinetics: 1-800 747-4457
		Physical fitness	Video:
			Silver Bullets District Professional
			Video Library at OMS: VC 6986

Social Skills and Cooperative Activities

(This is an ongoing unit throughout the school year)

Days Content Standard(s) **Skills and Concepts** Suggested Resources 15 Davs Self Responsibility This is an ongoing unit throughout Books: the school year. Personal Ongoing 5.1 Identify appropriate and Adventure Curriculum for Physical responsibility and social skills Education for High School by Jane inappropriate risks involved in Panicucci, Project Adventure, Inc. adventure, individual, and should be taught at the beginning of the year. Cooperative activities (Each department received this dual physical activities. 5.2 Accept responsibility for are used to teach, practice, and book from the Health/P.E. Office in individual improvement. reinforce social skills. 2003) **Teaching Responsibility Through** Physical Activity by Don Hellison, Social Interaction Review, practice, and 5.3 Demonstrate acceptance of Ph.D./ Human Kinetics, 1995 reinforcement of social skills, (Each department received this differences in gender, should continue throughout the book from the Health/P.E. Office in physical development, and school year in all units. personal preferences as they 2001.) affect participation in physical Skills: Quicksilver by Karl Rohnke and activity. Personal and Social Steve Butler/ Kendall/Hunt Responsibility Publishing Company, Iowa 1995 Group Dynamics Social Skills: active listening, (Each department received this 5.4 Evaluate the effect of encouragement, courtesy, book from the Health/P.E. Office in helpfulness 2001.) encouraging words and phrases to others while GamesSkills by Stephanie Activities: Hanrahan/Teresa Carlson/Human participating in a group physical activity. Kinetics, 2000, District Professional Library Code: 796.07 HAN 5.5 Identify the responsibilities of Icebreakers: Name games, Line a leader in physical activity. Assessing Student Responsibility up and Teamwork by NASPE, Tag games: Everybody's it, AAHPERD, 2000, District hospital tag, partner tag, elbow Professional Library Code: 613.7 tag, It's Not Just Gym Anymore by Bane triangle-tag, blob tag, clothespin McCracken, Human Kinetics, 2001; ISBN 0-7360-0127-1; tag Human Kinetics: 1-800-747-4457 PE-4-Me, Teaching Lifelong Health Team building activities: Group and Fitness by Cathie Summerford; juggling, knots, stand up, circle the circle ISBN 0-7360-0165-4; Human Kinetics, 2004 Human Kinetics: 1-800 747-4457 Video: Silver Bullets District Professional Video Library at

3 weeks ongoing

OMS: VC 6986

7 weeks ongoing

Fitness Concepts and Activities, Pre-and Post-Assessments (This is an ongoing unit throughout the school year)

Days		Content Standard(s)	Skills and Concepts	Suggested Resources
35 Days	3.1	Assess muscle strength,	This is an ongoing unit throughout	Equipment:
Ongoing		muscle endurance, aerobic	the school year.	Fitnessgram equipment (skin fold
During		capacity, flexibility, and body		calipers, tape or CD of Pacer, push-
Year		composition using the State-	Assess health-related fitness	ups, and curl-ups cadence, sit and
		mandated fitness test.	using the State fitness test (can	reach board, rulers, mat with line for
	3.2	Evaluate individual physical	be supplemented with additional	curl-ups, body-fat analyzers, scale,
		fitness measures in	research-based assessments)	fitness software)
		relationship to patterns of	Compare scores to Healthy	Each department received
		physical activity.	Fitness Zone	Fitnessgram materials (Third
	3.3	Develop individual goals for		Edition Manual w/DVD of all tests,
		each of the five areas of	Introduce and review the health-	Pacer audio CD, Skinfold calipers,
		fitness based on research-	related fitness components of	and curl-up strips) from the
		based standards.	(muscle strength, muscle	Research Office in 2005.
	3.4	Plan a weekly personal	endurance, aerobic capacity,	
		physical fitness program in	flexibility, and body composition)	CD/cassette player and speakers;
		collaboration with the teacher.		audio music CD's
	3.5	Participate in moderate to	Set goals for improvement for	
		vigorous physical activity a	muscle strength, muscle	Charts of fitness exercises (check
		minimum of 4 days per week.	endurance, flexibility, aerobic	Physical Education catalogs)
	3.6	Periodically assess	capacity, and body composition,	
		attainment of, or progress	monitor improvement, develop a	Heart rate wands and heart rate
		toward personal physical	one-day total body fitness plan	monitors (Each department
		fitness goals, and make		received heart rate wands from the
		necessary adjustments to	Fitness Activities (Circuits,	Health/Physical Education Office,
		personal physical fitness	stations, fitness lab, weight room,	Spring, 2000 and 2003)
		program.	aerobics, steps, runs, medicine	Mats; Medicine Balls; Aerobic
	4.1	Develop a one-week personal	balls, cardio equipment)	Steps; Hand weights; Weight
		physical fitness plan	Heart rate monitors, beart rate	benches; Jump ropes; Concept 2
		specifying the proper warm-	Heart rate monitors, heart rate	Rowing Machines; Elastic
		up, cool-down, principles of exercise for each component	wands, skin calipers, use of pedometers	exercise bands or Dynabands and additional fitness exercise
		of health-related fitness.	pedometers	equipment.
	12	Identify physical activities that	Fitzers Dest Assessment	equipment.
	ч. ∠	are effective in improving	Fitness Post-Assessment	Books:
		each of the health-related		Fitness for Life, by Charles B.
		fitness components.	Reassess personal fitness and	Corbin and Ruth Lindsey/Human
	4.3	Match personal preferences	compare scores to pretest scores,	Kinetics, 2003, ISBN 0-7360-4494-
		in physical activities with each	health standards, and personal	9 (or newer 5 th Edition)
		of the five areas of health-	goals.	Dynamic Physical Education for
		related fitness.	Evoluato fitacco plan	Elementary School Children
	4.4	Explain the effects of physical	Evaluate fitness plan	by Robert P. Pangrazi/ Allyn and
		activity on heart rate and	Veeebulen	Bacon; District Professional Library
		recovery rates.	Vocabulary See Glossary for definitions	Code: 372.86 PAN
	4.5	Describe the role of physical		Physical Education for Lifelong
		activity and nutrition on		Fitness: The Physical Best
		achieving physical fitness.	Aerobic activity	Teacher's Guide
	4.6	Identify and apply principles	Anaerobic	American All. for Health, Physical
		of resistance in safe, age-	Basic resistance principles	Education, Recreation, and
		appropriate activities.	Biomechanics	Dance/Human Kinetics
	4.7	Explain progression,	 Body composition 	District Professional Library Code:
		overload, and specificity as	 Components of physical 	613.7 PHY
		principles of exercise.	fitness	(Second Edition, 2005)
	4.8	,	Cool down exercises	Fitnessgram/Activitygram Test
		segment growth rates on	Core muscles	Administration Manual with DVD
		physical fitness.	Dehydration	video of all fitness tests, Third

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Days	Content Standard(s)	Skills and Concepts	Suggested Resources
		 Ergogenic aids Flexibility F.I.T.T. principles/concepts Frequency Health-related physical Healthy fitness zone Healthy target heart rate zone Hyper-extension Hyper-flexion Individuality Intensity Large muscle groups Mode/type Moderate physical Muscle endurance Muscle strength Overload Perceived exertion index Physical fitness Plyometric exercise Principles of training/principles of exercise Progression Recovery rates Regularity Resistance principle Specificity. Time Type Vigorous physical activity Warm-up exercises Weight-bearing activities 	Edition, Merilu Meredith, Gregory Welk, Editors; Human Kinetics, 2004. LBUSD Research Office distributed to all schools, Spring, 2005. Physical Best Activity Guide Secondary Level AAHPERD/Human Kinetics District Professional Library Code: 613.7 PHY PE-4-Me, Teaching Lifelong Health and Fitness by Cathie Summerford; ISBN 0-7360-0165-4; Human Kinetics, 2004 Human Kinetics: 1-800 747-4457 Videos: DVD of fitness tests included in Fitnessgram Test Administration Manual, 2004 (See info above) Physical Best Instructor Video Professional Video Library at OMS: VC 7008 Flexibility for Sport and Fitness Professional Video Library at OMS: VC 6908 Physical Education Software Sources: Bonnie's Fitware: (562) 924-0835 Humankinetics: Champaign, IL, (800) 747-4457, e-mail www.humankinetics.com

Throwing and Catching Skills Applied to Team Handball/Flag Football/Softball/Lacrosse

	ggested Resources
technique for the following patterns: overhand, sidearm, and underhand throw; catching; kicking/punting; striking; trapping; dribbling (hand and foot); and volleying.catching skills applied during small-sided games of team handball and/or softball and/or flag football"gatorsi Catalog mandball and/or flags (S Choose or combine these activities: Small-sided lead-up games for team handball; lead-up games for softball."gatorsi Catalog discs (S flags (S) Choose or combine these activities: Small-sided lead-up games for softball."gatorsi Catalog discs (S flags (S) Choose or combine these activities: Small-sided lead-up games for flag football; lead-up games for softball."gatorsi Catalog discs (S Choose or combine these activities: Small-sided lead-up games for softball."gatorsi time" Closure S19.95, Books: Dynami ElementManipulative Skills 2.1 Identify and describe key elements in the matureNanipulative Skills elementsPangra Bacon: Library:	tment of balls, blue soft skin-type" balls (Stock og: S442375), gloves, flying (S442525), cones 075), bases (S441200) S403300 Red; S403400 v) All equipment in stock g except pinnies (in IER catalog: GH29-217 ow Pinnies with Velcro re, Rainbow SetSet of 6, 5, as of 12/05) :: <u>nic Physical Education for</u> entary School Children azi and Dauer/Allyn & :: District Professional y: 372.86 PAN ing Middle School Physical

Days	Content Standard(s)	Skills and Concepts	Suggested Resources
	catching; kicking/punting; striking; trapping; dribbling (hand and foot); and volleying. <u>Movement Concepts</u> 2.2 Apply feedback from the teacher or others to improve skill performance. 2.3 Use information, feedback, and practice to set goals for skill improvement.		By Bonnie Mohnsen/Human Kinetics: District Professional Library: 796 MOH See General Reference books under, "Materials Used in Teaching the Course."

Soccer Skills Applied to Small-Sided Soccer Games

Days	Content Standard(s)	Skills and Concepts	Suggested Resources
Days 10 Days	Manipulative Skills 1.1 Demonstrate mature technique for the following patterns: overhand, sidearm, and underhand throw; catching; kicking/punting; striking; trapping; dribbling (hand and foot); and volleying. Combinations of Movement Patterns and Skills 1.3 Combine manipulative, locomotor, and nonlocomotor skills into movement patterns. 1.4 Demonstrate body management and object manipulation skills needed for successful participating in individual and dual physical activities. Manipulative Skills 2.1 Identify and describe key elements in the mature performance of overhand,	Skills and Concepts Mature technique of kicking/punting, trapping, and foot dribbling applied during small sided games of soccer. Vocabulary <u>Balance</u> – The ability to maintain equilibrium in relation to the force of gravity. <u>Biomechanics</u> – The study of human movement and how such movement is influenced by gravity, friction, and the laws of motion. It involves the analysis of force, including muscle force that produces movements and impact force that may cause injuries. It explains why motor skills are performed in explicit ways in order to improve their efficiency and effectiveness. <u>Rebound principles</u> – Newton's Third Law: An object when struck will rebound in the opposite direction with the same amount of	Suggested ResourcesEquipment: Soccer balls, pinnies, cones (Stock catalog for all equipment except pinnies. Pinnies from GOPHER)Books: Dynamic Physical Education for Elementary School Children Robert P. Pangrazi and Victor P. Dauer/Allyn & Bacon: 372.86 PAN Dynamic Physical Education For Secondary School Children By Pangrazi/ Allyn and BaconDistrict Professional Library Code: 613.7 Teaching Middle School Physical Education By Bonnie Mohnsen/Human Kinetics: District Professional Library: 796 MOHSee General Reference books under, "Materials Used in Teaching the Course."
	elements in the mature	will rebound in the opposite	

Days	Content Standard(s)	Skills and Concepts	Suggested Resources
	effectiveness of practicing skills as a whole, and practicing skills in smaller parts.		

Basketball Skills Applied to 1 on 1 or 2 on 2 Basketball Games

Days	Content Standard(s)	Skills and Concepts	Suggested Resources
10 Days	Manipulative Skills 1.1 Demonstrate mature technique for the following patterns: overhand, sidearm, and underhand	Mature technique of hand dribbling applied during small-sided games of basketball	Dribbling Equipment: Basketballs, pinnies, cones (Stock catalog for all equipment except
	throw; catching; kicking/ punting; striking; trapping; dribbling (hand and foot); and volleying.	Emphasis should be on developing dribbling skills and skill combinations through modified games or lead-up activities.	pinnies.) Books: <u>Dynamic Physical Education for</u> Elementary School Children
	Combinations of Movement Patterns and Skills 1.3 Combine manipulative, locomotor, and nonlocomotor skills into	Vocabulary <u>Balance</u> – The ability to maintain equilibrium in relation to the force of	Robert P. Pangrazi and Victor P. Dauer/Allyn & Bacon: 372.86 PAN Dynamic Physical Education For Secondary School Children By Pangrazi/ Allyn and
	movement patterns. 1.4 Demonstrate body management and object manipulation skills needed for successful participating	gravity. <u>Biomechanics</u> – The study of human movement and how such movement is influenced by gravity, friction, and the laws of motion. It	BaconDistrict Professional Library Code: 613.7 <u>Teaching Middle School Physical</u> <u>Education By Bonnie</u> Mohnsen/Human Kinetics: District
	in individual and dual physical activities. <u>Manipulative Skills</u> 2.1 Identify and describe key elements in the mature	involves the analysis of force, including muscle force that produces movements and impact force that may cause injuries. It explains why motor skills are performed in explicit ways in order	Professional Library: 796 MOH <u>It's Not Just Gym Anymore</u> by Bane McCracken, Human Kinetics, 2001; ISBN 0-7360-0127-1; Human Kinetics: 1-800-747-4457
	performance of overhand, sidearm, and underarm throw; catching; kicking/punting; striking; trapping; dribbling (hand and foot); and volleying.	to improve their efficiency and effectiveness. <u>Rebound principles</u> – Newton's Third Law: An object when struck will rebound in the opposite direction with the same amount of force with which it was hit.	See General Reference books under, "Materials Used in Teaching the Course." Video: <u>Teaching Basketball Fundamentals,</u> Professional Video Library at OMS
	<u>Movement Concepts</u> 2.2 Apply feedback from the teacher or others to improve skill performance.	<u>Strategies</u> – Decisions made by individuals and/or a team about the overall play of the game. <u>Tactics</u> – Individual movement of	The Art of Handling the Rock: 30 minute workout guaranteed for
	 2.3 Use information, feedback, and practice to set goals for skill improvement. 2.4 Explain and demonstrate 	players or teams to accomplish an immediate goal or accommodate the specific situation. Tactics take place within the game as an	success By Sandy "Spin" Slade (basketball) Sandy Slade PO Box 1513
	 2.4 Explain and demonstrate spin and rebound principles while performing manipulative skills. 2.5 Compare and contrast the effectiveness of practicing 	ongoing part of game play and includes decisions an individual makes about when, why, and how to respond to a particular situation.	Corona, CA 91718 (909) 279-3476 www.sandyspinslade.com

Days	Content Standard(s)	Skills and Concepts	Suggested Resources
	skills as a whole, and practicing skills in smaller parts.		

Volleyball Skills Applied to 2 on 2 Volleyball Games

Days	Content Standard(s)	Skills and Concepts	Suggested Resources
	 manipulative skills. 2.5 Compare and contrast the effectiveness of practicing skills as a whole, and practicing skills in smaller parts. 2.6 Diagram and demonstrate basic offensive and defensive strategies for individual and dual physical activities. 	to respond to a particular situation. <u>Volley</u> – To strike a ball upward	
	Combination of Movement Patterns and Skills 2.7 Develop and teach another an individual or dual game that uses a manipulative skill, two different offensive strategies, and a scoring system.		

Flying Disc Skills

Days	Content Standard(s)	Skills and Concepts	Suggested Resources
10 Days	Manipulative Skills 1.1 Demonstrate mature technique for the following patterns: overhand, sidearm, and underhand throw; catching; kicking/punting; striking; trapping; dribbling (hand and foot); and volleying. Combinations of Movement Patterns and Skills 1.3 Combine manipulative, locomotor, and nonlocomotor skills into movement patterns. 1.4 Demonstrate body management and object manipulation skills needed for successful participating in individual and dual physical activities. Manipulative Skills 2.1 Identify and describe key elements in the mature performance of overhand, sidearm, and underarm throw; catching; kicking/punting; striking; trapping; dribbling (hand and foot); and volleying.	Mature technique for throwing and catching applied during flying disc activities. Throw a variety of objects to a stationary target, a moving target, for accuracy, for distance, and in a game-type situation. Catching above the waist, below the waist using a variety of objects while stationary, moving and in a game-type situation	Equipment: Flying discs (S442525), cones (S442075), bases (S441200) flags (S403300 Red; S403400 Yellow) All equipment in stock catalog except pinnies (in GOPHER catalog: GH29-217 Rainbow Pinnies with Velcro Closure, Rainbow SetSet of 6, \$19.95, as of 12/05) Books <u>It's Not Just Gym Anymore</u> by Bane McCracken, Human Kinetics, 2001; ISBN 0-7360-0127-1; Human Kinetics: 1-800-747-4457

Days	Content Standard(s)	Skills and Concepts	Suggested Resources
	 <u>Movement Concepts</u> 2.2 Apply feedback from the teacher or others to improve skill performance. 2.3 Use information, feedback, and practice to set goals for skill improvement. 		
	Combination of Movement Patterns and Skills 2.7 Develop and teach another an individual or dual game that uses a manipulative skill, two different offensive strategies, and a scoring system.		

Golf or Disc Golf

3 weeks

Days	Content Standard(s)	Skills and Concepts	Suggested Resources
15 Days	 1.4 Demonstrate body management and object manipulation skills needed for successful participating in individual and dual physical activities. 1.6 Demonstrate body management and object manipulation skills needed for successful participation in introductory adventure/outdoor activities. 	Participate in individual and dual physical activities of golf and/or disc golf Disc golf, is a lead-up game to golf and can be played if clubs are unavailable. History and safety (Including clear directions to all students and check to make sure all students understand: safety zone, safety area, clear distinct lines marking safety area, and commands.)	Equipment: Clubs (irons, putters), whiffle balls (assorted sizes), carpet or mats from which to hit, targets (hula hoops, tarps, cones, boxes, cups, etc.), buckets or dish pans for balls at each hitting area, safety markers for stations. Materials to indicate safety zone Books <u>It's Not Just Gym Anymore</u> by Bane McCracken, Human Kinetics, 2001; ISBN 0-7360-0127-1;
	 <u>Movement Concepts</u> 2.2 Apply feedback from the teacher or others to improve skill performance. 2.3 Use information, feedback, and practice to set goals for skill improvement. 	Grip, stance, alignment, swing, follow through Chipping, full swing, putting Etiquette, rules, history, scoring Lead-up activities, simulated golf hole	Human Kinetics: 1-800-747-4457 See General Reference books under, "Materials Used in Teaching the Course."

Racket/Paddle Skills and Concepts Applied to Games

Days	Content Standard(s)	Skills and Concepts	Suggested Resources
15 Days	Manipulative Skills 1.1 Demonstrate mature technique for the following patterns: overhand, sidearm, and underhand throw; catching; kicking/punting; striking; trapping; dribbling (hand and foot); and volleying.	Striking skills applied to paddle tennis, pickle ball, or tennis Emphasis should be on the application of striking skills through participation in individual and dual activities of racket sports. Use a variety of striking implements (rackets and paddles)	Equipment: Racquets and/or paddles, balls, trainer volleyballs, bats, hockey sticks, pucks, nets, bases or poly spots, batting tees or tall cones, Pickle Ball, Inc., for balls for Pickleball. From stock catalog and from Physical Education equipment catalogs.
	Combinations of Movement Patterns and Skills	Grip, ready position, swing, follow	Books: USTA Curriculum Guide for Tennis,

			Page 13
Days	Content Standard(s)	Skills and Concepts	Suggested Resources
	 1.3 Combine manipulative, locomotor, and nonlocomotor skills into movement patterns. 1.4 Demonstrate body management and object manipulation skills needed 	through Forehand, backhand, serve, lob, smash, volley Scoring, strategy, rules Vocabulary	(USTA) <u>Pickle Ball Book for Pickleball</u> , By Pickle-Ball, Inc.,801 N. W. 48 th Street, Seattle, WA 98107 <u>It's Not Just Gym Anymore</u> by Bane McCracken, Human Kinetics, 2001; ISBN 0-7360-0127-1;
	for successful participating in individual and dual physical activities.	<u>Balance</u> – The ability to maintain equilibrium in relation to the force of gravity. <u>Biomechanics</u> – The study of human movement and how such	Human Kinetics: 1-800-747-4457 See General Reference books under, "Materials Used in Teaching the Course." Video:
	2.1 Identify and describe key elements in the mature performance of overhand, sidearm, and underarm throw; catching; kicking/punting; striking; trapping; dribbling (hand and foot); and volleying.	movement is influenced by gravity, friction, and the laws of motion. It involves the analysis of force, including muscle force that produces movements and impact force that may cause injuries. It explains why motor skills are performed in explicit ways in order	USTA's Backboard Tennis in District Professional Video Library at OMS: VC 6998
	 <u>Movement Concepts</u> 2.2 Apply feedback from the teacher or others to improve skill performance. 2.3 Use information, feedback, and practice to set goals for skill improvement. 2.4 Explain and demonstrate spin and rebound principles while performing manipulative skills. 2.5 Compare and contrast the effectiveness of practicing skills as a whole, and practicing skills in smaller parts. 2.6 Diagram and demonstrate basic offensive and defensive strategies for individual and dual physical activities. <u>Combination of Movement Patterns and Skills</u> 	to improve their efficiency and effectiveness. <u>Rebound principles</u> – Newton's Third Law: An object when struck will rebound in the opposite direction with the same amount of force with which it was hit. <u>Strategies</u> – Decisions made by individuals and/or a team about the overall play of the game. <u>Striking pattern</u> – Fundamental motor skill in which an object is hit, with or without an implement. <u>Tactics</u> – Individual movement of players or teams to accomplish an immediate goal or accommodate the specific situation. Tactics take place within the game as an ongoing part of game play and includes decisions an individual makes about when, why, and how to respond to a particular situation. <u>Volley</u> – To strike a ball upward	
	2.7 Develop and teach another an individual or dual game that uses a manipulative skill, two different offensive strategies, and a scoring system.		

Multicultural Dance

Days	Content Standard(s)	Skills and Concepts	Suggested Resources

_	Page 14		
Days	Content Standard(s)	Skills and Concepts	Suggested Resources
15 Days	Rhythmic Skills 1.2 Perform multicultural dances.	Participate in and perform multicultural folk dances.	Folk and Line Dance Equipment: Jump bands, jump ropes (S442250), tinkling sticks, lummi
	 <u>Movement Concepts</u> 2.2 Apply feedback from the teacher or others to improve skill performance. 2.3 Use information, feedback, and practice to set goals for skill improvement. 2.5 Compare and contrast the effectiveness of practicing skills as a whole, and practicing skills in smaller parts. 	Rhythms, Tinikling, Lummi sticks, Jump rope (single, double dutch, long rope), Jump bands, Chinese jump ropes Folk dances (Ve David, Troika, La Raspa, Los Machetes, etc.)	(S442250), tinkling sticks, lummi sticks Books: <u>Awesome Elementary School</u> <u>Physical Education Activities</u> By Cliff Carnes/The Education Company: District Professional Library: 372.86 PAN <u>Teaching Middle School Physical</u> <u>Education</u> By Bonnie Mohnsen/Human Kinetics: District Professional Library: 796 MOH Video: <u>Multicultural Folk Dance Treasure</u> <u>Chest Volume 1 and Volume 2</u> Hosted by Christy Lane, (Video, Guide, and Music)/ Human Kinetics, 1998 District Professional Video Library at OMS: VC7010 and VC 7011 Music CD's: <u>International Folk Dance</u> from Wagon Wheel Records (All departments received CD from Health/PE Office in 2001.) <u>Fun Dances for Everyone</u> from Wagon Wheel Records (All departments received CD from Health/PE Office in 2002.) <u>Dances for Fun and Fitness</u> (All steps on inside cover) from Wagon Wheel Records, (714) 846-8169 <u>Folk Dances Around the World</u> from Wagon Wheel Records (All departments received CD from Health/PE Office in 2002.)

Track and Field Skills and Concepts

Days	Content Standard(s)	Skills and Concepts	Suggested Resources
15 Days	Combinations of Movement	Demonstrate body management,	Equipment:
-	Patterns and Skills	locomotor skills, and object	Starting blocks, hurdles, batons,
	1.3 Combine manipulative,	manipulation skills for successful	stopwatch
	locomotor, and nonlocomotor skills into	participation in track and field.	High jump mats, poles, standards Long jump and triple jump - sand
	movement patterns.	Perform starts (starting blocks);	pit, rake, tape measure
	1.4 Demonstrate body	sprints, relays (relay baton passing	Shot put – shot puts, rubber shot
	management and object manipulation skills needed	skills), middle distance; high jump; long jump; shot put skills.	puts or softballs, markers for safety area
	for successful participating		Hammer throw – tether ball with
	in individual and dual	If safe equipment and area for safe	rope tied in a circle, markers for
	physical activities.	participation available: modified	safety area
	1.5 Demonstrate body	hammer throw, javelin, and discuss	Javelin – sticks, poles, PVC,
	management and locomotor	activities taught with safety modified	markers for safety area
	skills needed for successful	equipment.	Discus – rubber, or 2 frisbees

			Page 15
Days	Content Standard(s)	Skills and Concepts	Suggested Resources
	 participation in track and field, and combative activities. <u>Movement Concepts</u> 2.2 Apply feedback from the teacher or others to improve skill performance. 2.3 Use information, feedback, and practice to set goals for skill improvement. 2.5 Compare and contrast the effectiveness of practicing skills as a whole, and practicing skills in smaller parts. 	Practice and training for the variety of track and field events and safety precautions and practices for each activity.	taped together with some sort of weight inside; markers for safety area Book: <u>Track & Field Omnibook</u> , by Ken Doherty Book Division of Track & Field News, P.O. Box 296, Los Altos, CA 94022 <u>Dynamic Physical Education for Elementary School Children</u> By Robert P. Pangrazi/ Allyn and Bacon; District Professional Library Code: 372.86 PAN See General Reference books under, "Materials Used in Teaching the Course." Videos: <u>Introduction to Track and Field I,</u> Professional Video Library at OMS, VC 6908 <u>Jumps (Gold Medal Track and Field Series</u>), Professional Video Library at OMS, VC 6992 <u>Sprints, Hurdles, and Relays</u> <u>(Gold Medal Track and Field Series),</u> Professional Video Library at OMS, VC 6991 <u>Throws (Gold Medal Track & Field Series), Professional Video Library at OMS, VC 6993</u>

Orienteering/Outdoor Adventure Activities and Concepts

1 week

Days	Content Standard(s)	Skills and Concepts	Suggested Resources
5 Days	Combinations of Movement Patterns and Skills 1.6 Demonstrate body management and object manipulation skills needed for successful participation in introductory adventure/outdoor activities. Movement Concepts 2.3 Use information, feedback, and practice to set goals for skill improvement.	Body management and object manipulation skills for successful participation in introductory adventure/outdoor activities. Trust, problem solving and initiatives "willow in the wind", mine field, all aboard, TP shuffle, keep it up, group get up Orienteering (use of compass and reading a topographic map) Safety procedures for all of these activities Inclusion of leisure time sports is encouraged when available and liability permits. Activities might include rollerblading, skate boarding, and cycling.	Equipment: Compass (S442625) in stock catalog Resources from Local Orienteering Organizations Books: <u>Orienteering</u> by Tom Renfrew/Human Kinetics; Professional Library Code 796.5 REN <u>It's Not Just Gym Anymore</u> by Bane McCracken, Human Kinetics, 2001; ISBN 0-7360- 0127-1; Human Kinetics: 1-800-747-4457

Days	Content Standard(s)	Skills and Concepts	Suggested Resources
5 Days	 Manipulative Skills 1.5 Demonstrate body management and locomotor skills needed for successful participation in track and field, and combative activities. 2.5 Compare and contrast the effectiveness of practicing skills as a whole, and practicing skills in smaller parts. 	Body management and object manipulation skills for successful participation in combative activities.	Books: <u>Self Defense for Life</u> by Bill Valentine and Becky Valentine Self-Defense Publications, 1991, 501 W. Glenoaks Blvd., #108, Glendale, CA 91202 ISBN 0-9629866-0-7 <u>Self Defense, Steps to Success</u> By Joan M. Nelson Human Kinetics, 1991 ISBN: 0880114304 <u>Self Defense Techniques and</u> <u>Tactics</u> By Joseph B. Walker Human Kinetics, 2003 ISBN: 0736037756

Review Closure

1 week

Days	Content Standard(s)	Skills and Concepts	Suggested Resources
5 Days	All	Review and reflection of skills and concepts learned Locker room shutdown	Closure Student Portfolios, Assessments, Journals, Logs

<u>METHODS</u>: A variety of instructional strategies will be used to accommodate all learning styles and to reinforce reading, writing and physical activity skills while learning physical education content.

Methods include: Demonstrations – by teacher, student(s), or experts on video; Lecture; Modeling; Guided practice and Group discussion.

Student centered learning to include: peer coaching; reciprocal teaching; checklists; video (peer and self-analysis); guided discovery; stations and circuits; and task cards.

Lesson Design & Delivery: Teachers will incorporate these components of lesson design. The order of components is flexible, depending on the teacher's vision for the individual lesson. For instance, the objective and purpose, while present in the teacher's lesson plan, are not made known to the students at the beginning of an inquiry lesson.

Essential Elements of Effective Instruction Model for Lesson Design Using Task Analysis	Anticipatory Set Objective Standard Reference Purpose Input Modeling Check for Understanding Guided Practice Closure Independent Practice
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Some components may occur once in a lesson, but others will recur many times. Checking for understanding occurs continually; input, modeling, guided practice and closure may occur several times. There may even be more than one anticipatory set when more than one content piece is introduced.

<u>Active Participation</u>: Teachers will incorporate the principles of active participation and specific strategies to ensure consistent, simultaneous involvement of the minds of all learners in the classroom. Teachers should include both covert and overt active participation strategies, incorporating cooperative learning structures and brain research. Some of the possible active participation strategies include:

COVERT	OVERT (Oral)	OVERT (Written)	OVERT (Body Movement)
Think of	Pair/Share	Restate in Journals	Body movement signals
Recall	Idea Wave	Response Boards or on Clipboards	Model with or without manipulatives
Imagine	Choral Response	Graphic Organizers	Stand up/ Kneel
Observe	Give One, Get One	Ticket Out of Class	Point to Examples
Consider	Cooperative Discussion Groups		

Baldrige Quality Tools

- Flow Chart
- Team Building Activities
- Student Survey
- Plus/Delta
- Issue Bin

Literacy and Differentiation Strategies

Learning styles and learning challenges of your students may be addressed by implementing combinations of the following:

Reading Strategies in Physical Education • Learning Logs • Pre-teaching • Vocabulary • Pre-reading	Strategies for Special NeedsStudentsInteractive Learning (manipulatives, visuals))Adapt Reading MaterialModify EquipmentHomogeneous Grouping	 Primary Language Support Preview/review Grouping Differentiation for Advanced Learners Curriculum Compacting Tiered Assignments
Anticipation GuidesReciprocal Teaching	 Small Group Instruction Direct Instruction 	Flexible GroupingAcceleration
 SDAIE Strategies for English Learners Tapping/Building Prior Knowledge (Graphic Organizers) Grouping Strategies Multiple Intelligences Adapt the written material Interactive Learning (Manipulatives, Visuals) Acquisition Levels Language Sensitivity Lower the Affective Filter (including Processing Time) Home/School Connection (including Cultural Aspects) 	 Graphic Organizers Partner Build Prior Knowledge Differentiate Instruction Use of Instructional Accommodations: (<i>i.e.</i>, Change of response, scheduling, presentation, and setting) Modify/adapt the Curriculum: (<i>i.e.</i>, Change quantity, timing, level of support, input, difficulty, output, participation, have alternate goals) 	 Depth and Complexity Independent Study

MATERIALS USED IN TEACHING THE COURSE:

Resources: Equipment, Books, Videos, Software

Equipment:

Variety of balls and equipment from district stock catalog and physical education equipment catalogs (Sporttime, Gopher, Flaghouse, The Education Company, Wagon Wheel Records, Human Kinetics, etc.)
Chalkboard/white board, chart paper and easel, crates for portfolios/journals
Boom box with tape/CD player (extra tapes and batteries)
Stopwatches
Electric ball pump
Measuring wheel for measuring various distances, areas, fields, boundaries
Clipboards (teacher and students class set)
Chalk or paint for lining fields
Video camera, VCR and monitor
Heart Rate Wands

General Reference Books

Dynamic Physical Education for Elementary School Children

By Robert P. Pangrazi/ Allyn and Bacon; District Professional Library Code: 372.86 PAN Dynamic Physical Education For Secondary School Children

By Robert P. Pangrazi/ Allyn and Bacon; District Professional Library Code: 613.7 The Safe Exercise Handbook, Fourth Edition

By Toni Branner/Kendall/Hunt Publishing, 2000, ISBN 0-7872-7135-7

One copy provided to all departments from Health/P.E. Office, Spring, 2003

Awesome Elementary School Physical Education Activities

By Cliff Carnes/The Education Company; District Professional Library Code: 372.86 PAN Teaching Middle School Physical Education

By Bonnie Mohnsen/ Human Kinetics; District Professional Library Code: 796 MOH Complete Physical Education Plans for Grades 7-12

By Isobel Kleinman/Human Kinetics, 2001/www.humankinetics.com

Teaching Cues for Basic Sport Skills For Elementary and Middle School Students

By Hilda Fronske and Rolayne Wilson, Benjamin Cummings, 2002, ISBN 0-205-30956-9 Teaching Cues for Sports Skills, Second Edition

By Hilda Fronske/Allyn & Bacon, 2001, ISBN 0-205-32752-4

General Music Source

Wagon Wheel Records 16812 Pembrook Lane Huntington Beach, CA 92649 (714) 846-8169

Glossary

Vocabulary for Introduction Unit

<u>Biomechanics</u> – The study of human movement and how such movement is influenced by gravity, friction, and the laws of motion. It involves the analysis of force, including muscle force that produces movements and impact force that may cause injuries. It explains why motor skills are performed in explicit ways in order to improve their efficiency and effectiveness.

<u>Body management</u> – Basic skills focusing on abilities to control the body/body parts in actions such as those involving traveling, balancing, rolling, and supporting body weight.

- <u>Fundamental movement skills</u> An organized series of basic movements that involve the combination of movement patterns of two or more body segments. Fundamental movement skills may be categorized as stability, locomotor, or manipulative movements.
- <u>Group dynamics</u> Each person in a group influences and is influenced by each other. The most important aspect of group cohesiveness and good performance seems to be commitment to the group task, which leads to a sense of collective efficacy—team members can respond to the demands of a difficult situation.
- <u>Health</u> Optimal well being that contributes to quality of life. It is more than freedom from disease and illness. Optimal health includes high-level mental, social, emotional, spiritual, and physical wellness within the limits of one's heredity and personal abilities.
- <u>Individual or dual activity</u> Physical activities that require either one or two participants. Examples include badminton, swimming, golf, handball, and weight lifting.

Kinesiology – The study of human movement.

- Large muscle groups Muscles that work together and have a large mass relative to other muscle groups in the body. Examples of large muscle groups are the arms, back, and legs.
- Locomotor movements The basic patterns used to travel (walking, running, leaping, hopping, jumping, galloping, sliding, and skipping).
- <u>Manipulative movements</u> Movements in which skills are developed while using an implement. Examples include throwing, catching, punching, kicking, trapping, rolling, dribbling, striking, and volleying.
- <u>Movement concepts</u> The ideas used to modify or enrich the range and effectiveness of skill employment. Involves learning "how, where, and with what" the body moves.
- Movement patterns An organized series of related movements.
- <u>Physical activity</u> Bodily movement that is produced by the contraction of skeletal muscle and that substantially increases energy expenditure, broadly including exercise, sport, dance, and other movement forms.
- <u>Physical fitness</u> A positive state of well-being with low risk of premature health problems and energy to participate in a variety of physical activities. It is influenced by regular, vigorous physical activity, genetic makeup and nutritional adequacy.

Vocabulary for Fitness Unit

- <u>Aerobic activity</u> Long duration exercise that relies on the presence of oxygen for the production of energy; it may also control body weight, reduce the percentage of body fat, improve the circulatory function, and reduce blood pressure. Examples include aerobic dance, aqua aerobics, cycling, jogging, power walking, recreational dance, in-line skating, step aerobics, kickboxing, and super circuit.
- <u>Anaerobic activity</u> Short duration exercise completed without the aid of oxygen; it is used to build muscle mass and to improve one's ability to move quickly and to deliver force.
- Basic resistance principles Resistance is the weight or force that is used to oppose a motion. Resistance training increases muscle strength by pitting the muscles against a weight, such as a dumbbell or barbell. The basic principles of resistance training include: type of lift, intensity, volume, variety, progressive overload, rest, and recovery.
- <u>Biomechanics</u> The study of human movement and how such movement is influenced by gravity, friction, and the laws of motion. It involves the analysis of force, including muscle force that produces movements and impact force that may cause injuries. It explains why motor skills are performed in explicit ways in order to improve their efficiency and effectiveness.
- <u>Body composition</u> The makeup of the body in fat free mass (muscle, bone, vital organs and tissues) and fat mass.
- <u>Components of physical fitness</u> Aerobic capacity, muscle strength, muscle endurance, flexibility, and body composition.
- <u>Cool down exercises</u> Five to ten minutes of light to moderate physical activity. It maintains blood pressure, helps enhance venous return, and prevents blood from pooling in the muscles.
- <u>Core muscles</u> The abdominal, back, hip, and pelvic floor muscles.

<u>Dehydration</u> – Loss of water and important blood salts like potassium and sodium which are essential for vital organ functioning.

<u>Ergogenic aids</u> – Substances, devices, or practices that enhance an individual's energy use, production, or recovery.

<u>Flexibility</u> – The ability to move joints of the body through normal range of motion.

<u>F.I.T.T. principles/concepts</u> – Inter-related and inter-dependent rules for gaining and maintaining physical fitness—frequency, intensity, time, and type.

<u>Frequency</u> – A principle of training that establishes how often to exercise.

Health-related physical fitness – Consists of those components of physical fitness that have a

relationship with good health. The components are body composition, aerobic capacity, flexibility, muscular endurance, and strength.

<u>Healthy fitness zone</u> – The lower and upper ranges of performance on physical fitness tests that have been identified as being related to good health.

<u>Healthy target heart rate zone</u> – A safe range of activity intensity that can be used to enhance the level of aerobic capacity.

<u>Hyper-extension</u> – Greater than normal stretching or straightening of an extended limb.

<u>Hyper-flexion</u> – Greater than normal stretching or straightening of a flexed limb.

<u>Individuality</u> – A principle of training that establishes the program must take into account the specific needs and abilities of individuals for whom it is designed.

Intensity – A principle of training that establishes how hard to exercise.

<u>Large muscle groups</u> – Muscles that work together and have a large mass relative to other muscle groups in the body. Examples of large muscle groups are the arms, back, and legs.

Mode/type – A principle of training that establishes the specific activity to use.

<u>Moderate physical activity</u> – Moderate-intensity physical activity generally requires sustained rhythmic movements and refers to a level of the effort a healthy individual might expend while walking briskly, dancing, swimming, or bicycling on level terrain, for example. A person should feel some exertion but should be able to carry on a conversation comfortably during the activity.

Muscle endurance – The ability of a muscle to avoid fatigue.

Muscle strength – The ability of a muscle to exert force.

Overload – A principle of training that establishes a minimum threshold to obtain a benefit.

- <u>Perceived exertion index</u> A way of rating how hard you feel your body is working during physical activity, based on physical sensations you experience, including increased heart rate, increased respiration or breathing rate, increased sweating, and muscle fatigue.
- <u>Physical fitness</u> A positive state of well-being with low risk of premature health problems and energy to participate in a variety of physical activities. It is influenced by regular, vigorous physical activity, genetic makeup and nutritional adequacy.
- <u>Plyometric exercise</u> A rapid powerful movement preceded by a preloading counter movement which creates a stretch-shortened cycle of the muscle.
- <u>Principles of training/principles of exercise</u> Principles to follow in planning an exercise program to affect physiological changes in the human body related to health and performance including: frequency, individuality, intensity, mode/type, overload, progression, regularity, specificity and time.
- <u>Progression</u> A principle of training that establishes increases in the elements addressed in the principles to provide improvements over periods of time.
- <u>Recovery rates</u> The time necessary for an exercise-induced elevated heart rate to return to a normal resting heart rate.
- <u>Regularity</u> A principle of training that establishes exercise on a regular schedule. A pattern of physical activity is regular if activities are performed most days of the week, preferably daily; five or more days of the week if moderate-intensity activities are chosen; or three or more days of the week if vigorous-intensity activities are chosen.
- <u>Resistance principle</u> The principle that the use of some implement, device, or simply bodyweight as a resistance can enhance some physical characteristic like strength or muscular endurance.
- <u>Specificity</u> A principle of training that establishes a particular kind of activity for each component of physical fitness.

<u>Time</u> – A principle of training that establishes the amount of time for each exercise period.

<u>Type</u> – A principle of training that establishes which muscles to target during an exercise period. <u>Vigorous physical activity</u> – Vigorous-intensity physical activity generally requires sustained, rhythmic movements and refers to a level of effort a healthy individual might expend while jogging, participating in high-impact aerobic dancing, swimming continuous laps, or bicycling uphill, for

example. Vigorous-intensity physical activity may be intense enough to result in a significant increase in heart and breathing rate.

<u>Warm-up exercises</u> – Low intensity exercises that prepare the muscular/skeletal system and heart and lungs (cardiorespiratory system) for the hard work to follow.

<u>Weight-bearing activities</u> – Any activity in which one's feet and legs carry their own weight. Examples include walking, running, tennis, aerobic dancing.

EVALUATION: Student achievement in this course will be measured using multiple assessment tools including but not limited to: (a grading scale and/or rubric should be included)

- Performance-based assessments which assess physical education cognitive concepts and skills
- Journals
- Portfolios
- Checklists
- Rubrics of performance assessments during activity
- Quizzes and Tests
- Projects (rubric assessed)
- Video
- Fitnessgram
- Fitness Plan

<u>GRADING POLICY</u>: A common grading policy ensures consistency between schools and classrooms across the district.

7th Grade Physical Education Suggested Standards Based Grading Criteria

Physical Education Content	Percent of Grade
Demonstrates Motor Skills and Movement Patterns	30%
Demonstrates Knowledge of Movement Concepts, Principles and Strategies	10%
Assess and Maintain Physical Fitness To Improve Health and Performance	30%
Demonstrates Knowledge of Physical Fitness Concepts, Principles and Strategies	10%
Psychological and Sociological Concepts and Strategies Applied to Physical Activity	20%

	Advanced Proficient	Proficient	Partially Proficient	Not Proficient	
Rubric Score:	4	3	2	1	
 STANDARD 1: Demonstrate motor skills and movement patterns needed to perform a variety of physical activities. Manipulative Skills Rhythmic Skills Combinations of Movement Patterns and Skills 	Student clearly and consistently demonstrates all critical elements of the skill. Developing consistently and independently.	Student usually demonstrates critical elements of the skill. Developing with moderate teacher or peer support.	Student sometimes demonstrates some critical elements of the skill. Needs more time to develop or requires considerable teacher guidance.	Student demonstrates minimal or no critical elements of the skill. Movements are inconsistent and unreliable.	
 STANDARD 2: Demonstrate knowledge of movement concepts, principles, and strategies as they apply to learning and performance of physical activities. Movement Concepts Manipulative Skills Concepts Rhythmic Skills Concepts Combination of Movement Patterns and Skills 	Student clearly and consistently demonstrates concept knowledge.	Student demonstrates evidence of concept knowledge.	Student demonstrates some evidence of concept knowledge.	Student demonstrates little or no evidence of concept knowledge.	

	Advanced Proficient	Proficient	Partially Proficient	Not Proficient
Rubric Score:	4	3	2	1
STANDARD 3: Assess and maintain a level of physical fitness to improve health and performance.	Student clearly and consistently demonstrates all critical elements of the skill. Developing consistently and independently.	Student usually demonstrates critical elements of the skill. Developing with moderate teacher or peer support.	Student sometimes demonstrates some critical elements of the skill. Needs more time to develop or requires considerable teacher guidance.	Student demonstrates minimal or no critical elements of the skill. Movements are inconsistent and unreliable.
STANDARD 4: Demonstrate knowledge of physical fitness concepts, principles, and strategies to improve health and performance.	Student clearly and consistently demonstrates concept knowledge.	Student demonstrates evidence of concept knowledge.	Student demonstrates some evidence of concept knowledge.	Student demonstrates little or no evidence of concept knowledge.
 STANDARD 5: Demonstrate and utilize knowledge of psychological and sociological concepts, principles, and strategies as applied to learning and performance of physical activity. Self Responsibility Social Interaction Group Dynamics 	Student exhibits behaviors that are focused on the task, works continually without intervention by the teacher, and is helpful to classmates as needed.	Student exhibits behaviors that are focused on the task and works continually without intervention by the teacher.	At times the student exhibits behaviors that are off-task. Needs frequent reminders to stay focused on his or her work.	Student exhibits behaviors that prevent him or her from learning.

Standard Grading Scale

- **A** 90% 100%
- **B** 80% 89%
- **C** 70% 79%
- **D** 60% 69%
- F Below 60%
- Note: If grades are determined by averaging grades using 100 point scales, zeros for incomplete, late, or missing work have a devastating effect on averages. A zero for an assignment gives that assignment inequitable weight compared to other assignments. To weight assignments equitably, use "50" for the lowest "F".

Submitted by:	Joan Van Blom
School:	Health/Physical Education Office
Revised Date:	12/05

Oci/mscours/pe/pe6gr

APPENDIX ATTACHED

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Name	Date	Age	Grade	_Roll #
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	T 1 B			

te of Birth / / Teacher Period

re-Test Parent Sign._____Post-Test Parent

Physical Education Fitness Assessment

Standard 3 (K – 8th Grade): Assess and maintain a level of physical fitness to improve health and performance 7th Grade: 3.1 Assess muscle strength, muscle endurance, aerobic capacity, flexibility, and body composition using the State-mandated fitness test

7th Grade: 3.3 Develop individual goals for each of the five areas of fitness based on research-based standards

7th Grade: 3.6 Periodically assess attainment of, or progress toward personal physical fitness goals, and make necessary adjustments to personal physical fitness program.

Proficiency	Characteristics
Level	
4	Complete, with accurate scores, comparisons to health-related standards, and reasonable goals
	for improvement
3	Mostly complete
2	Partially complete
1	Minimal completion

Compare your scores to the healthy fitness zones and place a $\sqrt{}$ in the HFZ column if your score is in the zone.

Test Item	Pre-Test / / Completion Date	HFZ (Healthy Fitness Zone) √	Goal	Post-Test /_/ Completion Date	HFZ (Healthy Fitness Zone) √	Met Goal √
Curl-up						
Push-up						
PACER						
Mile Run						
Sit & Reach Right						
Sit & Reach Left						
Trunk Lift						
Skinfold Triceps						
Skinfold Calf						
Sum of Skinfolds						
Height						
Weight						
Body Mass Index						

Physical Education 7^h Grade P Page 25

25 – 17.5

17 – 32%

HEALTHY FITNESS ZONES - BOYS									
AGE	CURL- UP	PUSH- UP	ONE MILE RUN	PACER LAPS	SIT AND REACH	TRUNK LIFT	BODY MASS INDEX	BODY COMPOSITION	
10	12 – 24	7 – 20	11:30 – 9:00	23 - 61	8"	9 – 12"	21 – 15.3	10 – 25%	
11	15 – 28	8 - 20	11:00 – 8:30	23 - 72	8"	9 – 12"	21 – 15.8	10 – 25%	
12	18 – 36	10 - 20	10:30 - 8:00	32 - 72	8"	9 – 12"	22 – 16	10 – 25%	
13	21 – 40	12 - 25	10:00 – 7:30	41 - 72	8"	9 – 12"	23 – 16.6	10 – 25%	
14	24 – 45	14 - 30	9:30 – 7:00	41 - 83	8"	9 – 12"	24.5 – 17.5	10 – 25%	
15	24 – 47	16 - 35	9:00 – 7:00	51 - 94	8"	9 – 12"	25 – 18.1	10 – 25%	
16	24 – 47	18 - 35	8:30 – 7:00	61 - 94	8"	9 – 12"	26.5 – 18.5	10 – 25%	
			HEALTHY F	ITNESS ZON	ES - GIRL	S			
AGE	CURL- UP	PUSH- UP	ONE MILE RUN	PACER LAPS	SIT& REACH	TRUNK LIFT	BODY MASS INDEX	BODY COMPOSITION	
10	12 – 26	7 – 15	12:30 – 9:30	15 – 41	9"	9 – 12"	23.5 –16.6	17 – 32%	
11	15 – 29	7 – 15	12:00 – 9:00	15 – 41	10"	9 – 12"	24 – 16.9	17 – 32%	
12	18 – 32	7 – 15	12:00 – 9:00	23 – 41	10"	9 – 12"	24.5 – 16.9	17 – 32%	
13	18 - 32	7 – 15	11:30 – 9:00	23 – 51	10"	9 – 12"	24.5 – 17.5	17 – 32%	
14	18 - 32	7 – 15	11:00 – 8:30	23 – 51	10"	9 – 12"	25 - 17.5	17 – 32%	
15	18 - 35	7 – 15	10:30 – 8:00	23 – 51	12"	9 – 12"	25 – 17.5	17 – 32%	

7 – 15

16

18 - 35

10:00 - 8:00

32 - 61

12"

9 – 12"

Physical Education Fitness Assessment – Seventh Grade One Week Fitness Plan

Standard 4: Demonstrate knowledge of physical fitness concepts, principles and strategies to improve health and performance.

4.1 Develop a one-week personal physical fitness plan specifying the proper warm-up, cool-down, principles of exercise for each component of health-related fitness.

4.2 Identify physical activities that are effective in improving each of the health-related fitness components.

4.3 Match personal preferences in physical activities with each of the five areas of health-related fitness.

4.7 Explain progression, overload, and specificity as principles of exercise.

Proficiency	Characteristics
Level	
4	A complete plan has five or more days of a variety of activities. It includes activities correctly related to each of the fitness components. The activity is listed in the row of the correct component. The amount of time for each activity is listed under the day it is done. Target heart rate is included. Parent initialed and signed the plan when it was followed.
3	Plan includes almost all of above components
2	Plan partially complete
1	Plan minimally complete

Beginning Date: _

Write the amount of time in each activity under the day.

Component	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun
Warm-up							
Cardiorespiratory (Minimum of 3 days) Heart Rate During Activity:							
Muscular Strength (Minimum of 3 days)							
Muscular Endurance (Minimum of 3 days)							
Flexibility (Minimum of 5 days)							
Cool Down (After each workout)							
Parent Signature:		1	1	1	1	1	1

For Standard 4.8 (see above): On the back, number from 1 to 3, and respond to the following:

- 1. Explain what is **progression**, as a principle of exercise.
- 2. Explain what is **<u>overload</u>**, as a principle of exercise.
- 3. Explain what is **specificity**, as a principle of exercise.